SENATE FILE (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS BILL BY CO=CHAIRPERSON ZIEMAN)

Passed	Senate,	Date	 Passed	l House	e, Date	
Vote:	Ayes	Nays _	 Vote:	Ayes _	Nays	
	A;	pproved				

A BILL FOR

1 An Act relating to tax credits provided for purposes of acquiring agricultural assets by beginning farmers, and providing

3 effective and applicability dates. 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

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Section 1. Section 175.2, Code 2005, is amended by adding 2 the following new subsection:

3 <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. OA. "Agricultural assets" means 4 agricultural land, depreciable agricultural property, crops, 1 1 5 or livestock.

Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 175.37 AGRICULTURAL ASSETS == TAX 7 CREDIT.

- 1. A tax credit is allowed against the taxes imposed in 9 chapter 422, division II or III, to facilitate the transfer of 10 agricultural assets from a taxpayer to a beginning farmer.
- 2. a. In order to qualify for the tax credit, the 1 11 1 12 taxpayer must meet qualifications established by rules adopted 1 13 by the authority. At a minimum, the taxpayer must be a person 1 14 who may acquire or otherwise obtain or lease agricultural land 1 15 in this state pursuant to chapter 9H or 9I. However, the 1 16 taxpayer must not be a person who may acquire or otherwise 1 17 obtain or lease agricultural land exclusively because of an 1 18 exception provided in one of those chapters or in a provision 1 19 of another chapter of this Code including but not limited to 1 20 chapter 10 or 10C, or sections 15.331B or 15E.207. 1 21 b. In order to qualify as a beginning farmer, a person
- 1 22 must be eligible to receive financial assistance under section 23 175.12.
- 3. An individual may claim a tax credit under this section 1 25 of a partnership, limited liability company, S corporation, 26 estate, or trust electing to have income taxed directly to the 27 individual. The amount claimed by the individual shall be 1 28 based upon the pro rata share of the individual's earnings 1 29 from the partnership, limited liability company, S
- 30 corporation, estate, or trust.
 31 4. The tax credit is allowed only for agricultural assets 1 32 that are subject to a lease or rental agreement. The 33 agreement may be made on a cash basis or on a commodity share 34 basis which includes a share of the crops or livestock 35 produced on the agricultural land. The agreement must be in 1 writing. The lease must be for a term of at least two years. 2 The lease may be renewed for a term of at least two years. 3 The taxpayer may claim the tax credit under the renewal lease 4 in the same manner as the original lease. A lease does not
 - 5 include a lease intended as a security.5. The tax credit shall be calculated based on the gross 7 amount paid to the taxpayer under the lease or rental 8 agreement.
 - a. Except as provided in paragraph "b", the tax credit 10 shall equal five percent of the amount paid to the taxpayer 11 under the agreement.
- b. The tax credit shall equal fifteen percent of the 2 13 amount paid to the taxpayer from crops or animals sold under 2 14 an agreement in which the payment is exclusively made from the 2 15 sale of crops or animals.

The taxpayer may claim the tax credit until the beginning 2 17 farmer is no longer eligible to receive financial assistance 2 18 under section 175.12. A tax credit in excess of the 2 19 taxpayer's liability for the tax year may be credited to the 2 20 tax liability for the following five years or until depleted, 2 21 whichever is earlier. A tax credit shall not be carried back 22 to a tax year prior to the tax year in which the taxpayer 23 redeems the tax credit. A tax credit shall not be 2 24 transferable to any other person other than the taxpayer's 2 25 estate or trust upon the taxpayer's death.

A taxpayer shall not claim a tax credit under this 2 27 section unless a tax credit certificate issued by the 28 authority is attached to the taxpayer's tax return for the tax 29 year for which the tax credit is claimed. The authority must 30 review and approve an application for a tax credit as provided 31 by rules adopted by the authority. The application must 32 include a copy of the lease or rental agreement. The 33 authority may approve an application and issue a tax credit 34 certificate to a taxpayer who has previously been allowed a 35 tax credit under this section. However, the authority shall 1 not approve an application or issue a certificate to a 2 taxpayer if any of the following applies:

a. The taxpayer is at fault for terminating a prior lease 4 or rental agreement subject to this section as determined by the authority.

b. The taxpayer is any of the following:

(1) A party to a pending administrative or judicial action, including a contested case proceeding under chapter 8 9 17A, relating to an alleged violation involving an animal 3 10 feeding operation as regulated by the department of natural 11 resources, regardless of whether the pending action is brought 3 12 by the department or the attorney general.

Classified as a habitual violator for a violation of 3 14 state law involving an animal feeding operation as regulated

3 15 by the department of natural resources.

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The beginning farmer is responsible for managing or 3 17 maintaining agricultural land and other agricultural assets 3 18 that are greater than necessary in order to adequately support 3 19 a beginning farmer as determined by the authority according to 3 20 rules which shall be adopted by the authority.

21 d. The agricultural assets are being leased or rented at a 22 rate which is substantially higher or lower than the market 3 23 rate for similar agricultural assets leased or rented within

3 24 the same community, as determined by the authority.

The authority shall review each existing lease or 3 26 rental agreement which is part of an application approved by 27 the authority on a quarterly basis. The authority may require 28 that the taxpayer and the beginning farmer provide additional 3 29 information as determined relevant by the authority.

8. A taxpayer or the beginning farmer may terminate a 31 lease or rental agreement as provided in the agreement or by 32 law. The taxpayer must immediately notify the authority of 3 33 the termination.

a. If the authority determines that the taxpayer is not at 35 fault for the termination, the authority shall not issue a tax 1 certificate to the taxpayer for a subsequent tax year based on 2 the approved application. Any prior tax credit is allowed as 3 provided in this section. The taxpayer may apply 4 issued another tax credit certificate for the same The taxpayer may apply for and be 5 agricultural assets as provided in this section for any 6 remaining tax years for which a certificate was not issued.
7 b. If the authority determines that the taxpayer is at

8 fault for the termination, any prior tax credit allowed under 9 this section is disallowed. The tax credit shall be 10 recaptured and the amount of the tax credit shall be 4 11 immediately due and payable to the department of revenue. 4 12 a taxpayer does not immediately notify the authority of the 4 13 termination, the taxpayer shall be conclusively deemed at 4 14 fault for the termination.

Sec. 3. APPLICABILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATES. This Act takes 4 16 effect January 1, 2006, and is applicable to tax years 4 17 beginning on or after that date.

EXPLANATION

4 19 This bill amends provisions regarding the agricultural 20 development authority (referred to as the "authority") 21 established in Code chapter 175, the "Iowa Agricultural 22 Development Act". The authority is an instrumentality housed 4 22 Development Act". 23 in the office of treasurer of state that is responsible for 24 administering a number of programs to assist agricultural 4 25 producers, including the beginning farmer program. A 4 26 beginning farmer is an individual, partnership, family farm

4 27 corporation, or family farm limited liability company as 4 28 provided under Code chapter 9H (Iowa's corporate farming law), 4 29 with a low or moderate net worth who engages in farming or 30 wishes to engage in farming.

The bill provides a tax credit for owners of agricultural 4 31 32 assets (agricultural land, depreciable agricultural property, 33 crops, or livestock) who help beginning farmers to acquire 34 agricultural assets by lease or rental arrangements. The 35 credit may be taken against individual or corporate income. 1 An owner (referred to as the taxpayer) claims the tax credit 2 after receiving a certificate issued by the authority which is 3 attached to the taxpayer's tax return. The bill provides for 4 limited carry forward but does not provide for carry back. 5 Generally the taxpayer cannot transfer the tax credit. There 6 is one exception: the tax credit can pass to the taxpayer's 7 estate.

R The taxpayer must be a person who may acquire or otherwise 9 obtain or lease agricultural land in the state under Code 10 chapter 9H or 9I (restricting foreign ownership of 11 agricultural land). In addition, the taxpayer cannot acquire 12 or otherwise obtain or lease agricultural land exclusively 5 13 because of an exception provided in one of those Code chapters 5 14 (e.g., an encumbrance taken for purposes of security). 15 person also cannot hold land based on an exception in other 5 16 Code provisions, including Code chapter 10 (corporate 5 17 networking entities), 10C (life science enterprises), Code 5 18 section 15.331B (businesses in economic development areas), or 19 15E.207 (an Iowa agricultural industry finance corporation).

The bill provides a number of restrictions upon the 21 authority in approving applications and issuing certificates. 22 The taxpayer cannot be at fault for terminating a prior lease; 23 the taxpayer cannot be involved in legal proceedings regarding 24 environmental violations; the beginning farmer cannot be 25 provided more agricultural assets than what the beginning 26 farmer can be expected to adequately manage; and the 5 27 agricultural assets cannot be leased or rented at a rate 28 substantially different from similar market arrangements.

The bill provides that an agreement may be terminated but 5 30 also provides that if the termination is the fault of the 31 owner, any tax credits must be repaid and no further tax 32 credit certificates can be issued to the taxpayer.

The bill takes effect on January 1, 2006, and applies to 34 tax years beginning on or after that date. 5 35 LSB 1803XC 81

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